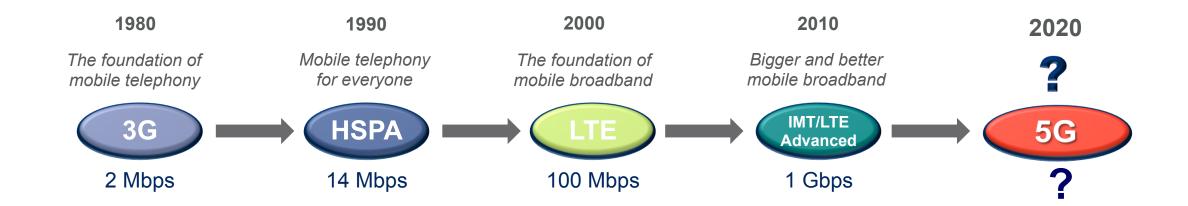


Wireless-access generations



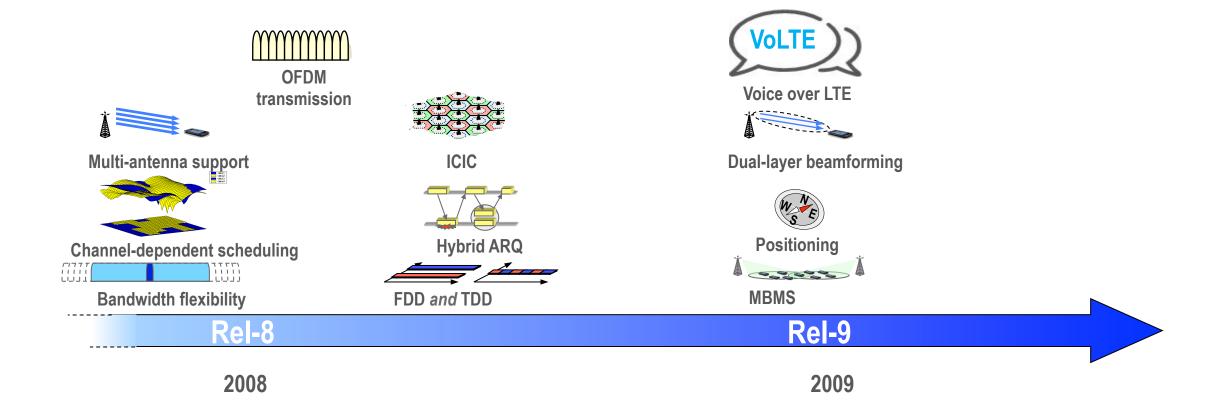


In the future

- More than 10 Gbps in specific scenarios
- > 100s of Mbps generally available in urban/suburban scenarios
- > Multi-Mbps connectivity essentially everywhere

LTE Evolution - Today





Enhancements & extensions

Ericsson Proprietary Information | 2014-09-30 | Page 3

Basic LTE functionality

LTE Evolution







Improved UE requirements

(IRC receivers)



Heterogeneous Deployments



MIMO enhancements

(Paradigm shift, CRS→DM-RS)

Carrier Aggregation

(Backhaul using LTE spectrum)





CoMP

(Multi-point CSI feedback, QCL)









Carrier Aggregation Enhancements



Device-to-Device Communication



Local-Area Access

(Dual Connectivity, WiFi Intergration, ...)



Multi-antenna Enhancements

(3D beamforming, massive MIMO, ...)



FDD+TDD aggregation



Latency Reductions



License-Assisted Access (Exploiting unlicensed spectrum)



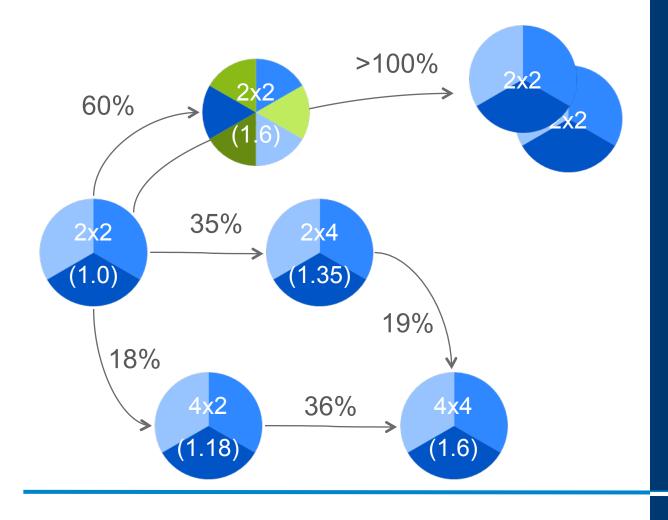
Multi-antenna Enhancements (3D beamforming, massive MIMO, ...)



Licensed Shared Access

Rel-10 Finalized 2010 Rel-11 Finalized 2012 Rel-12 Finalized 2014 Rel-13 To be started

Macro cell capacity



ement

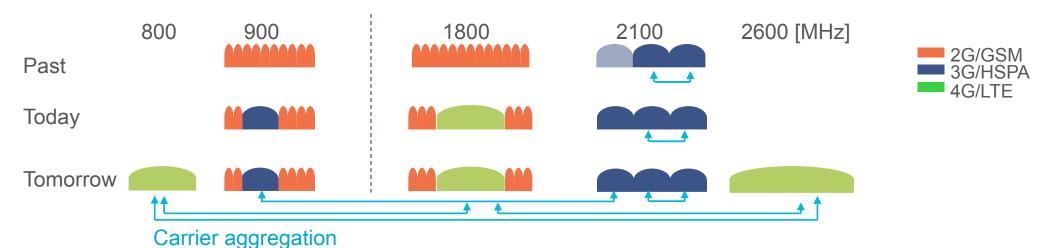


- Add Spectrum
- Sectorization
- 4-Way Receive
- 4x2 MIMO
- 4x4 MIMO

Cell Throughput

Carrier Aggregation

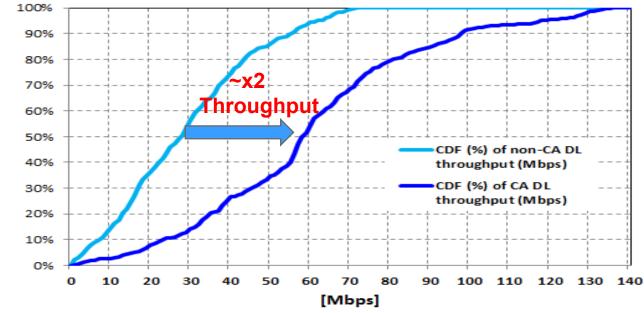




3GPP defined combinations (Relevant for European bands):

- $> 800 + 1800 \rightarrow 10+20 \text{ MHz max}$
- $> 800 + 2600 \rightarrow 10+20 \text{ MHz max}$
- \rightarrow 1800 + 2600 \rightarrow 20+20 MHz max
- \rightarrow 1800 + 1800 \rightarrow 20+20 MHz max
- \rightarrow 2600 + 2600 \rightarrow 20+20 MHz max

Ericsson LTE-A, Carrier Aggregation, Korea July 2013



Ericsson leads in LTE advanced - CA

Commercial service powered by Ericsson

- > SKT: 1800[3]+850[5] (10+10MHz) June, 2013 (world first)
- > SKT: 1800[3]+850[5] (20+10MHz) June, 2014 (world first)
- > LGU+: 2100[1]+850[5] (10+10MHz) July, 2013
- > SingTel: 1800[3]+2600[7] (20+20MHz) May, 2014
- > Vimpelcom: 800[20]+2600[7] (5+10 MHz) July 31, 2014

> Live demos and trials

- > Telstra: 1800[3]+900[8] (10+5MHz) July, 2013 (world first)
- > Telstra: 1800[3]+2600[7] (20+20 MHz) Dec, 2013
- > Telstra: 1800[3]+2600[7]+ 2600[7] (20+20+20MHz) May, 2014 (world first 3 Carrier Aggregation)
- > SKT: 1800[3]+900[8] (20+20 MHz) Nov, 2013
- > Vodafone Portugal: 1800[3]+2600[7] (20+20 MHz) Dec, 2013
- > Unitel Angola: 1800[3]+900[8] (10+10 MHz) Jan 14, 2014
- > Magyar Telekom: 1800[3]+2600[7] (15+20 MHz) Apr, 2014
- > MTS in Russia: 1800[3]+2600[7] (20+10 MHz) Sep 10, 2014
- > Smart: 2100[1]+850 [5] (10+10MHz) Sept, 2014
- Slovak Telekom: 2600[7]+2600[7] (20+20MHz) Sept 19, 2014 (world first Intra-band Carrier Aggregation)



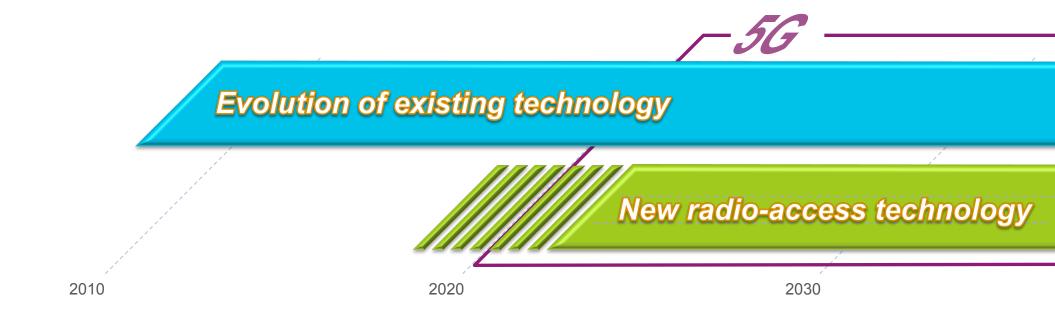
World's first 450Mbps live demo with Telstra



Supported by Ericsson's commercial hardware and software

Future Wireless Access – "5G"

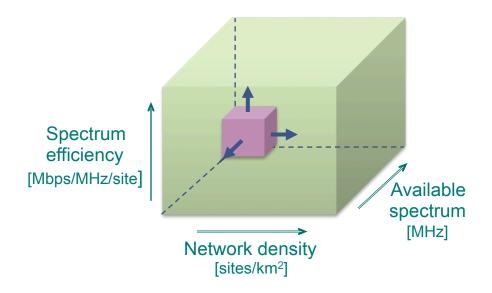




Evolution of existing technology + new radio-access technology

Traffic capacity



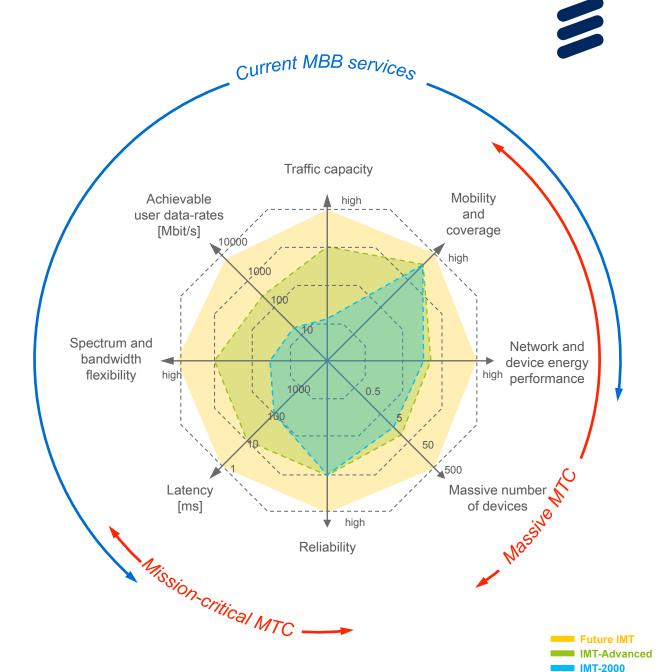


- More dense networks adding more infra-structure
- More spectrum extending into higher frequency bands
- > Enhanced technology

What does 5G bring?

- > Enhancing current Mobile Broadband Services
 - Massive capacity, very high end-user data rates, low latency, improved energy performance, ...

- New use cases "Machine-Type Communication"
 - Massive MTC, Mission-critical MTC, ...

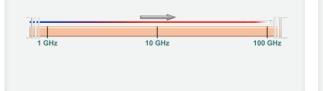


5G Technology areas



Extension to higher frequencies

Complementing lower frequencies for extreme capacity and data rates in dense areas



Spectrum flexibility

Flexible duplex

FDD and TDD

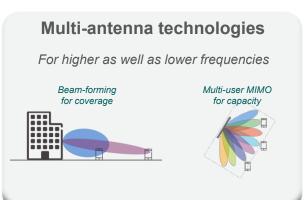
Dynamic TDD

Full Duplex

Spectrum sharing

Unlicensed Shared licensed Network sharing

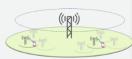
Complementing dedicated licensed spectrum





Ultra-lean design

Minimize transmissions not related to user data Separate delivery of user data and system information



Higher data rates and enhanced energy efficiency

Access/backhaul integration

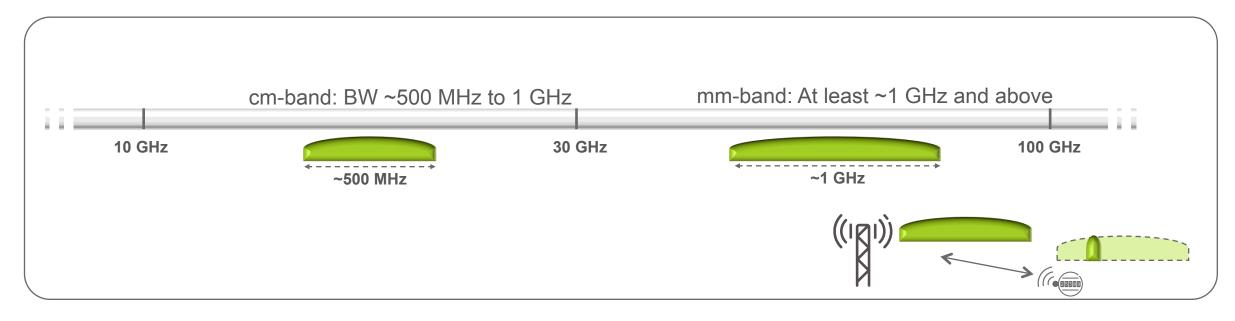
Same technology for access and backhaul Same spectrum for access and backhaul

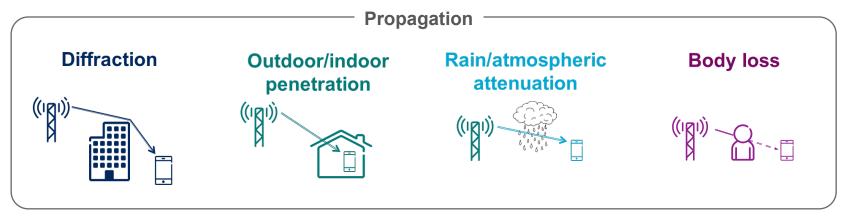


Device-to-device communication Direct communication Device-based relaying Cooperative devices ... ((I)) Direct communication Device-based Relaying Cooperative Devices

Extension to Higher frequencies









Licensed-Assisted Access



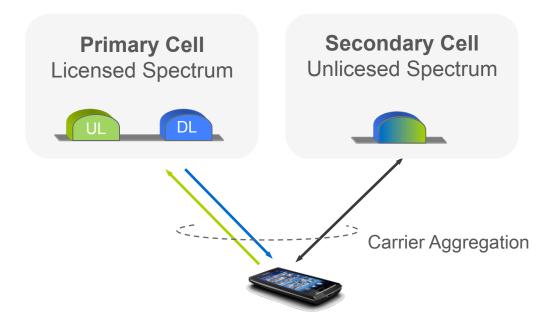
- > Unlicensed spectrum used as *performance booster* in *operator-deployed small cells*
 - Always accompanied by a licensed carrier no focus on stand-alone operation

- > Primary carrier uses *licensed* spectrum (FDD or TDD)
 - Control signaling, mobility, user data



Best-effort user data (DL and potentially UL)





Multi-Antenna 3D and CoMP (RAN1, RAN3)



- Coordinated multipoint (CoMP) enhancements
 - -CoMP also for non-ideal backhaul
- 3D channel modeling
 - -Include elevation domain, for studies of 3D MIMO



- > 3D MIMO
 - Elevation beam forming
 - Massive MIMO (up to 64 basestation antenna ports)

Not part of Rel-12 → Rel-13

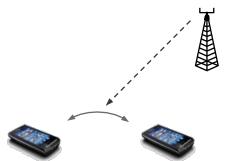


Device-to-Device Communication and Discovery (RAN1)



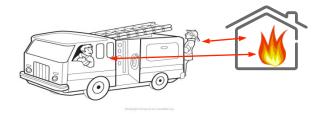
> New RAN Work Item for

- Broadcast communication targeting NSPS use case
- Discovery targeting commercial use case



> NSPS

- Direct communication important
- Focus on "out of NW coverage"
- Relaying from D2D towards LTE EPC



Commercial

- Proximity detection important
- Focus on "In network coverage"
- Operators request authentication and authorization





Proximity based social networking



Proximity-enabled communication

5G time schedule





5G introduction expected around 2020



Ericsson 5G trials



PRESS RELEASE

JULY 1, 2014



ERICSSON 5G DELIVERS 5 GBPS SPEEDS

- Live, over-the-air demonstration of Ericsson pre-standard 5G technology achieves 5
 Gbps throughput in the 15 GHz frequency band
- NTT DOCOMO and SK Telecom senior management witness Ericsson's achievement that employs innovative radio interface and advanced MIMO technology
- 5G performance will enable new machine-to-machine applications that benefit both consumers and enterprises

5G implementation in commercial mobile networks is expected in 2020, but Ericsson (NASDAQ:ERIC) has already achieved speeds of 5 Gbps in live, over-the-air demonstrations of the company's pre-standard 5G network technology. This proven performance will be critical to addressing both the relentless growth in mobile data demand and enabling the next-generation machine-to-machine applications. NTT DOCOMO and SK Telecom senior management witnessed Ericsson's achievement at Ericsson lab in Kista, Sweden.



- 15 GHz band
- 400 MHz bandwidth
- 5/10 Gbps



ERICSSON