

VOICE IN LTE

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WHY TELEPHONY IN LTE ?

Textmessage:

"Hi Sue, it's Bob. I've got a cool new phone. It's LTE. It's superfast. It's pretty cool!"

Textmessage:

"Hi Bob, sounds great! But I tried to call you, I didn't get through ...?"

Textmessage:

"It's Internet only. One cannot make calls with it"

"You can't call me with it? That's weired."

<u>Textmessage:</u> "Why don't you try with Google or Skype?"



People want to make phone calls.

If operators do not offer it, subscribers will seek alternatives!

TELEPHONY IN LTE





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EVOLUTION INTO VOICE OVER LTE GSMA VOLTE FAMILY







Note: version numbers as of Sept 15, 2012

GSMA VOLTE IR.92 UNI PROFILE



LTE radio capabilities

- GBR EPS bearer (QCI1) for voice
- Non-GBR EPS bearers for SIP and XCAP
- RoHC in PDCP

Bearer management

- Well known "IMS APN" with local PDN GW
- The IMS APN with signaling bearer (QCI=5) established at initial attach
- P-CSCF Discovery

Telephony Service

- MMTel Supplementary Services
 - -OIP, OIR, TIP, TIR
 - CDIV (CFU, CFNL, CFB, CFNRc, CFNR)
 - CB (ICB, OCB, ICB-R, OCB-IC)
 - -HOLD
 - -MVI
 - Comm. Waiting
 - Conf
- Supplementary service management using Ut with XCAP procedures

IMS feature part

- ISIM based authentication (USIM fallback).
- IPSec protection of signaling.
- Both Tel-URI and SIP URI
- GBA (recommended) or http digest authentication for Ut
- Early dialogues
- IMS Emergency

IMS media

- AMR NB and WB Codec & payload format
- RTP profile / Data transport
- RTCP usage
- Jitter buffer management

VOLTE ARCHITECTURE 3GPP R10



WHAT TO DO WHEN? CS VOICE => VOLTE EVOLUTION











CS = Circuit Switched; PS = Packet Switched CSFB = Circuit Switched Fallback

SRVCC = Single Radio Voice Call Continuity

VoLTE = Voice over LTE (VoIP)

ICS = IMS Centralized Services

CIRCUIT SWITCH FALLBACK

- CSFB subscribers attach with preference on LTE access, and also registers in CS core
- Fallback triggered to <u>overlapping</u> CS domain (GSM / WCDMA) whenever voice services are requested
- > Resumed LTE access for PS services after call completion





CSFB LTE ATTACH





CSFB MT CALL





SINGLE RADIO VOICE CALL CONTINUITY





- Handover triggered by LTE RAN
- Handover signaling from MME to MSC (via Sv interface)
- MSC prepares handover and connects CS leg to IMS
- SCC AS executes access transfer



SRVCC



SR-VCC ARCHITECTURE – 3GPP R10





IMS CENTRALIZED SERVICES (ICS) RATIONALE AND USE CASES



- > ICS enables IMS services also when an IMS user is accessing via CS
- > Single Service Engine
 - All service execution in IMS and MMTel, no service execution in CS domain
 - Enables consistent service experience
- > No synchronization needed between service data in CS and IMS domain
- > Relevant use cases
 - LTE/IMS user when out of LTE coverage or during SR-VCC
 - LTE/IMS user roaming abroad via CS (LTE + CSFB or only CS service offered)
 - Service to a user with an advanced new service e.g. IP Centrex (also in a CS only network)



Serving Network

M-MGW

Home Network

Mb

CS

voice

GSM / WCDMA

phone



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